

Powering Europe with North Sea Offshore Wind

The impact of hydrogen deployment on grid investments and power prices

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Agenda

- Motivation
- Research questions
- Case study introduction
- European generation capacity
- North Sea wind investments
- Interconnection capacity
- Influence on power prices



Motivation

- There is substantial research on using excess renewable electricity to make hydrogen
- Typical methodology includes a case study of a single project
- Linking with electricity sector is typically poor



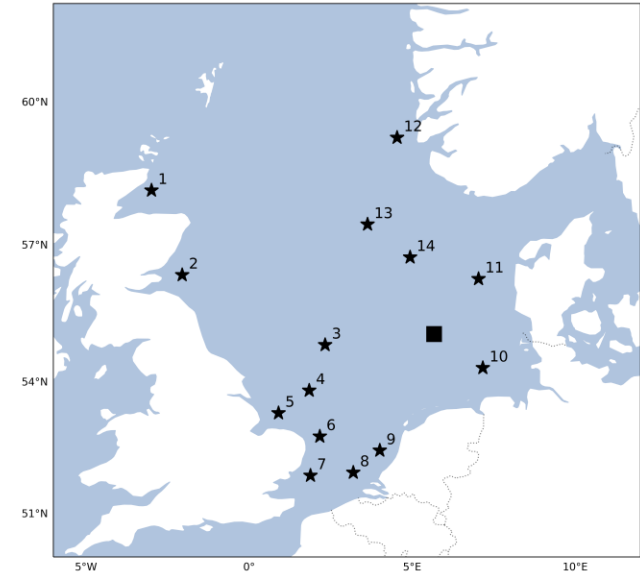
Photo credit: Ole Jørgen Bratland, Equinor

Research questions

- How are investments into the European grid affected by deployment of electrolyzers?
- How does the North Sea contribute to Europe's energy transition?
- How are European grid investments affected by the inclusion of an offshore energy hub in the North Sea?
- How does the hydrogen economy affect the power prices in North Sea countries?

Case study

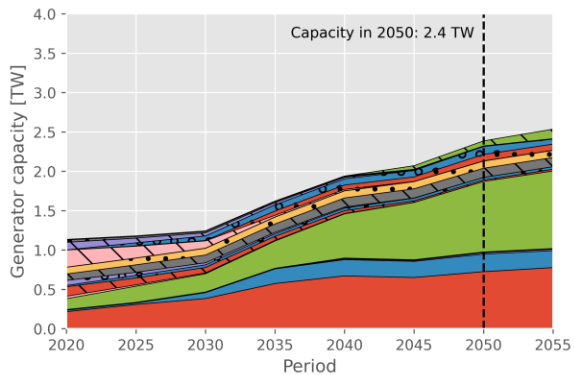
- Investigate investments into power and hydrogen sectors until 2060
- Power & hydrogen operations explicitly linked
- Focus on the North Sea area



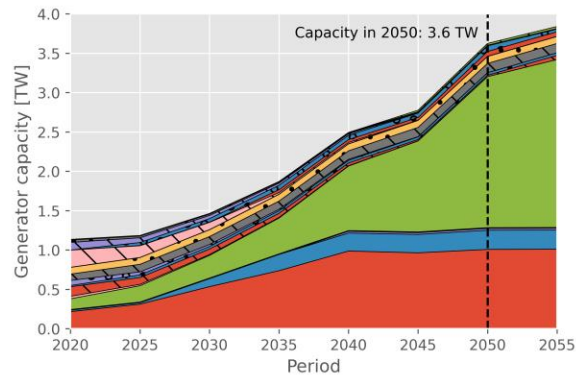
European generation capacity

With energy hub

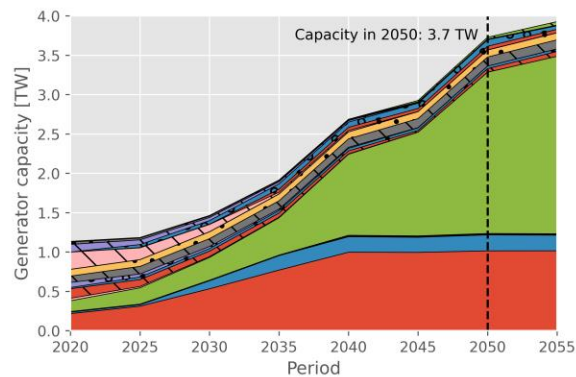
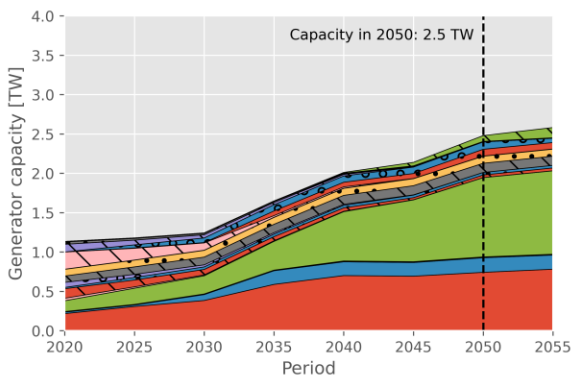
Without hydrogen



With hydrogen



Without energy hub

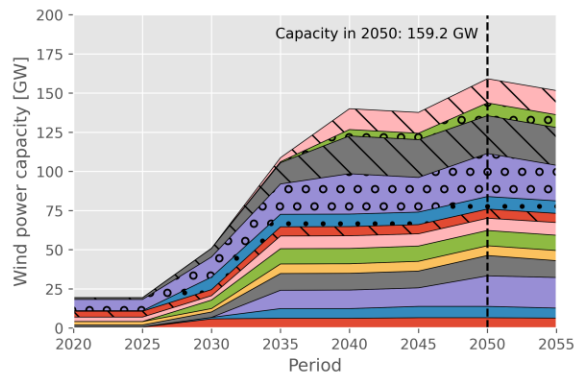


-  Bio
-  Bio10cofiring
-  Bioexisting
-  Coexisting
-  GasCCGT
-  GasOCGT
-  Gasexisting
-  Geo
-  Hydroregulated
-  Hydrorun-of-the-river
-  Ligniteexisting
-  Lignite
-  Nuclear
-  Oilexisting
-  Solar
-  Waste
-  Wave
-  Windoffshorefloating
-  Windoffshoregrounded
-  Windonshore

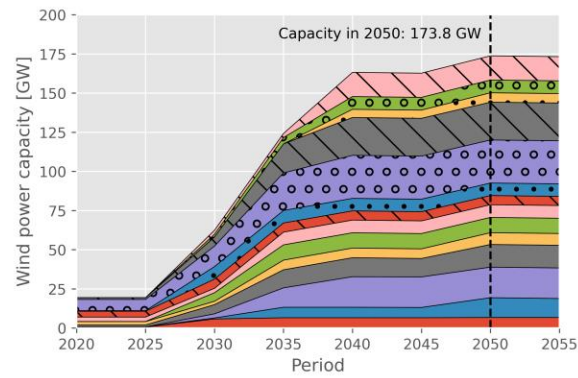
North Sea offshore wind investments

With energy hub

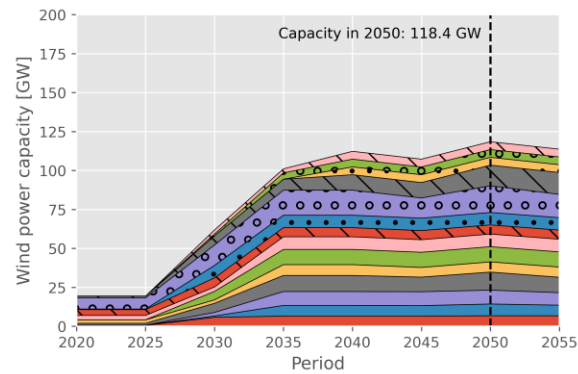
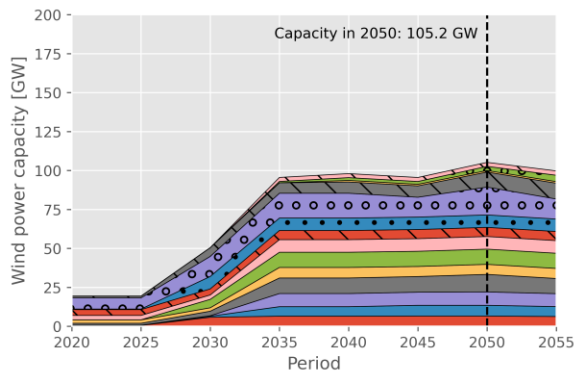
Without hydrogen



With hydrogen



Without energy hub

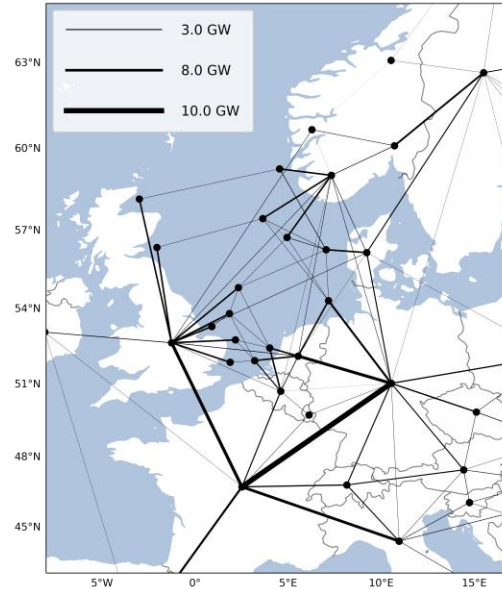
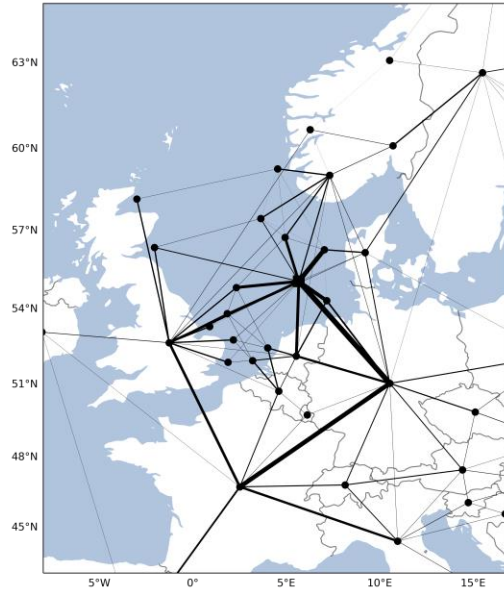


-  SørligeNordsjøII
-  SørligeNordsjøI
-  UtsiraNord
-  Nordsøen
-  HelgoländerBucht
-  HollandseeKust
-  Borssele
-  EastAnglia
-  Norfolk
-  OuterDowsing
-  Hornsea
-  DoggerBank
-  FirthofForth
-  MorayFirth

Interconnection capacity

	Without hydrogen	With hydrogen
With offshore energy hub	248.7	264.8
Without offshore energy hub	154.0	165.0

North Sea grid transmission capacity (GW)



Influence on power prices

Price zone	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall	Yearly average
Without hydrogen					
NO2	17.0	32.7	12.7	55.7	42.6
Germany	100.0	58.2	38.0	107.3	90.1
France	86.9	43.0	26.7	89.4	76.3
With hydrogen					
NO2	65.4	39.7	62.6	77.5	63.0
Germany	92.9	56.7	53.8	95.5	86.1
France	84.0	46.3	51.7	83.2	77.8

Mean of expected power prices for each season in 2050. (Euro/MWh)

Summary

- Significant investments into the grid are required to support green hydrogen production
- An offshore energy hub unlocks North Sea wind potential
- Green hydrogen production and the power market are closely linked, and this cannot be ignored



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